

Eff. Date: 4 March 2020

Version: 2.0 IFU: CD10 ILM1103

CD 10 clone 56C6

Instructions for Use

Specification:

Common acute lymphoblastic leukemia antigen (CALLA / CD10) is a useful marker for the characterization of childhood leukemia and B cell lymphomas. This antibody reacts with antigen of lymphoblastic, Burkitt's, and follicular lymphomas; and chronic myelocytic leukemia. Also, Anti-CD10 detects the antigen of glomerular epithelial cells and the brush border of the proximal tubules; this characteristic may be helpful in interpreting renal ontogenesis in conjunction with other markers. Other non-lymphoid cells that are reactive with CD10 are breast myoepithelial cells, bile canaliculi, neutrophils and small population of bone marrow cells, fetal small intestine epithelium, and normal fibroblasts. Recently Anti-CD10 has been used to classify follicular thyroid lesions.

Availability:

Catalog No.	Contents	Volume
ILM1103-C01	CD 10	0,1 ml concentrate
ILM1103-C05	CD 10	0,5 ml concentrate
ILM1103-C1	CD 10	1,0 ml concentrate

Intended use: For Research Use Only

Reactivity: Human

Clone: 56C6

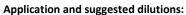
Species of origin: Mouse

Isotype: IgG1

Control Tissue: Kidney, lymph node, tonsil

Staining: Cytoplasmic, membranous

Presentation: Anti-CD10 is a mouse monoclonal antibody in tissue culture supernatant containing 15mM sodium azide



Pretreatment: Heat induced epitope retrieval in 50 mM Tris buffer pH9.5, for 20 minutes is required for IHC staining on formalin-fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections.

- Immunohistochemical staining of cryostat tissue sections (dilution up to 1:200-1:400)
- Immunohistochemical staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin embedded tissue section (dilution up to 1:200-1:400)

The optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined by the investigator.

Note: Dilution of the antibody in 10% normal goat serum followed by a goat anti-mouse secondary antibody-based detection is recommended.

Storage & Stability: Store at 2-8 °C. Do not use after expiration date printed on the vial.

References:

- 1. Haralambidou S, at al. J Clin Pathol. 1987; 40: 490-493
- 2. Mechterscheimer, et al. Am J of Pathol 1989; 134(5): 961-965
- 3. Hoefnagel JJ et al. Br J Dermatol. 2003 Dec;149(6): 1183-91
- 4. Sasaoka A et al. Clin Nephrol. 2003 Nov;60(5): 305-14
- 5. Hans CP et al. Blood. 2004 Jan 1;103(1): 275-82
- Tomoda C et al. Thyroid 2003 Mar;13(3): 291-5
- 7. Hedvat CV et al. Hum Pathol. 2002 Oct;33(10): 968-74
- 8. Yang B et al. Diagn Cytopathol. 2002 Sep;27(3): 149-52
- 9. Xu Y et al. Mod Pathol. 2002 Apr;15(4): 413-9

